

Memorandum

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: AUG 30 1972

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (157-6167)

SUBJECT: THIRD WORLD WOMEN'S ALLIANCE
EM - SNCC

157-19982-19

Re NY letter 6/1/72.

newspaper

On 7/25/72, copies of the July-August, 1972 issue of "Triple Jeopardy" were obtained through a confidential mail box of the NY Division.

NY is enclosing for the Bureau two copies of the July-August, 1972 issue which is Volume 1, Number 6, and which is self-described as the "Ideological Organ of the Third World Women's Alliance". This issue contains a note to the subscribers apologizing for the delay in the publication of this issue. It adds that since Triple Jeopardy operates solely by the sale of the paper, the expenses and costs of production are met through street sales, subscriptions and personal distribution.

Analysis of Content

The articles contained in this issue are as follows:

1. "Student Protests in South Africa", which deals with student-government confrontations in South Africa resulting from student protests of the apartheid educational system. It states that the educational system of South Africa is controlled by the white government and has been designed to perpetuate

ENC. BEHIND

REC-7 157-19982-20
EX-114

SEP 1 1972

2-Bureau (Encls. 2) (RM)

5-San Francisco (RM)

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1-New York

(NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO DEFEND RIGHTS
OF SOUTH VIETNAMESE STUDENTS)

(SAN QUENTIN 6)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

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(13)

COPIES

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DATE

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AC/CAL

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263,683

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COPIES CONTINUED:

1-New York (157-2939) (AMERICAN DOCUMENTARY FILMS) (43)
1-New York (100-162668) (NEWSREEL) (42)
1-New York (105-115089) (US-CHINA PEOPLES FRIENDSHIP
ASSOCIATION) (312)
1-New York (157-2503) [REDACTED] (43) b7c
1-New York (100-162193) [REDACTED] (43)
1-New York (100-147963) (SNCC) (43)

the apartheid system of white power and black subservience. ^{Africa} It further states that an African university student leader, one A.R. TIRO, at his graduation from Turfloop College attacked the segregated system of Bantu Education. It said that he was then expelled and that all 1146 students were also expelled when they protested his expulsion. This resulted in a series of solidarity actions by black students during May, 1972 and in June, 1972 white students joined the actions.

2. "Boycott Lettuce", This article is concerned with the United Farm Workers Union and accuses the lettuce growers in Salinas and Santa Maria, California, of not bargaining in good faith in 1971, and accuses the Nixon Administration of attempting to destroy the United Farm Workers Union which is led by CESAR CHAVEZ. It also attacks an "anti-union farm labor bill", which has been signed into law in Arizona and which, it is stated, destroyed the farm workers union in that state.

The article calls for a boycott on the purchase of non-union lettuce, volunteers to work on the boycott, and for contributions to keep the boycott going.

3. "Food for Thought", which asserts that most Third World People in the United States have come to realize that there is an economic basis to the racial oppression which Third World People have been forced to endure for the past several 100 years. It claims that Third World People are oppressed as workers, work the hardest and longest, receive the lowest pay and are the last hired and first fired. It also claims the white workers enjoy many benefits which are denied Third World workers.

The article claims that Third World People produce the wealth of this country and should control it and the way in which it is spent. It calls for organizing the power of Third World Peoples through the formation of a Third World Workers Party, the main objective of which would be the emancipation of all working people, women, students, the unemployed, and the unemployable inside the United States.

4. "Cairo, Illinois, Black Community Under Attack"

This article is concerned with the racial situation in Cairo, Illinois, which is described as being "tense". It discusses incidents that have occurred between whites and blacks in Cairo and relates that the blacks in Cairo formed the Cairo United Front in April, 1969 and began a boycott of white businesses which has been going on for about twenty months. It states that the racial situation has grown more unstable since the formation of the United Front whose spokesman is Reverend CHARLES KOEN. The United Front has demanded fifty percent control of the political and socio-economic status of the city. The article calls for the black people to come to the aid of blacks in Cairo, maintaining that an attack against one is an attack against all.

Article

5. "Creeping Fascism", which decries the plans

announced by the Senate Finance Committee to require all United States citizens to be fingerprinted and given a Social Security Number either on entering school at age 6, immigrating to the United States or when applying for welfare. It stated that the measure is intended to make legal the illegal practice of using Social Security Numbers and photograph ID's as the accepted form of identification and the collection and distribution of the data that is compiled under the Social Security Number. It claims that there has been developed in the United States a National Identity System where all data is being put into a central computer bank and that this system aims at separating the population into three segments, the citizenry, the immigrants and the welfare recipients. It stated that the ID card has been proven to be the first step towards fascism and it must be opposed.

Article

6. "Vietnam", which is attributed to one PAT SUMI

and dated May 20, 1972 at San Francisco, California. This article is concerned with the role of women and states that the time has come for all Third World Peoples to throw off oppression and exploitation. It asserts that women in the United States must follow the example of the Indo Chinese and Vietnamese women who have demonstrated that the oppression of women is a result of capitalism and imperialism, and who have shown that this system must be destroyed. The article claims that a victory by the North Vietnamese is a victory for women in the United States.

Article

7. "Army Frames Black GI", which is concerned with the case of one BILLY DEAN SMITH, presently confined in the Fort Ord Stockade at Fort Ord, California. The article relates that in March, 1971 two Lieutenants were killed and a third wounded when a fragmentation grenade exploded in an officers barracks in Bien Hoa, Vietnam. SMITH has been charged with murder and attempted murder charges and the article claims that he is being framed and calls for his freedom. It states that his trial was moved to the United States because the Army feared an army uprising by GIs demanding his freedom and that BILLY SMITH can be freed "only by the power of the people". It concludes with the statement, "we must follow the lead of the GIs and turn this imperialist war into a revolutionary war".

Article

8. Pages ten and eleven are captioned "Third World Womens Alliance at Work" and notes that the Third World Womens Alliance (TWWA) had joined with other organizations on 5/27/72 to protest United States business involvement in South Africa and to show its solidarity with African freedom fighters there.

This article reflects current projects of the TWWA which are described as "Prisoner Project", "Sunday Afternoon Rap Sessions", "Minority Women's Workshops", "Newspaper Project" and the "Third World Front Against Imperialism".

In connection with the "Prisoner Project", it is stated that COLETTE could be called at 287-6769; for information concerning the "Minority Women's Workshops", STELLA could be called at 857-1856; that in connection with the "Newspaper Project" FRANCES should be called at 687-5870; and that in connection with the Third World Front Against Imperialism, DARA should be contacted at 341-0971.

It has been determined that telephone number [REDACTED] is registered to [REDACTED]. It is believed that [REDACTED] refers to [REDACTED], a girlfriend of [REDACTED] at the above address who is affiliated with SNCC.

b7c

Telephone number [REDACTED] is registered to [REDACTED] who is an official of SNCC and the TWWA. b7c

This section of the paper announces that a group of Third World Women have been meeting for the past six months in the Bay area of California, and are planning to start the first West Coast Chapter of the TWWA. It stated that for information the TWWA address is PO Box 3065, Berkeley, California, and that a call could be made to CHERYL at area code 415-652-9954.

Pages ten and eleven contain a statement on the purpose of the TWWA and its objectives which are as follows:

"Our purpose is to make a meaningful and lasting contribution to the Third World community by working for the elimination of the oppression and exploitation from which we suffer. We further intend to take an active part in creating a socialist society where we can live as decent human beings, free from the pressures of racism, economic exploitation, and sexual oppression."

"(1) To create a sisterhood of women devoted to the task of developing solidarity among the peoples of the Third World.

"(2) To promote unity among Third World people within the United States in matters affecting the educational, economic, social and political life of our peoples.

"(3) To collect, interpret, and distribute information about the Third World, both at home and abroad, and particularly information affecting its women.

"(4) To build solid relationships with our men, destroying myths that have been created by our oppressor to divide us from each other, and to work together to appreciate human love and respect.

"(5) To train, develop, and organize Third World women to actively participate in the liberation struggles of our people."

9. The Editorial appearing on pages 12 and 13 examines the question of birth control for Third World people. It states that it examines the "positive and negative" sides and attempts to determine the solution. It asserts that imperialists are conspiring to limit the numbers of Third World people and mentions that "as the need to more effectively control the Third World population grows, so does the perfection of these methods", (birth control methods).

10. Page 13 also contains a petition of the National Committee to Defend the Rights of South Vietnamese Students, PO Box 4400, Berkeley, California, telephone number 415-845-5780. It calls for the defense of Vietnamese students in the United States who are speaking out against the war in Vietnam. It called also for the United States Government to grant political asylum to all South Vietnamese students who will be subjected to political persecution.

Article

11. "Angola", which deals with the Portugese colony of Angola in Southwest Africa. It attacks Portugal for almost destroying the Angola population by raiding its people for slave trade. It notes the Portugese influence in Africa dating from 1482 and claims that the Angolans are slaves to the Portugese even today. It adds that the hope for freedom of the Angolan people lies in destroying the Portugese army.

organization

The article praises the activities of the Peoples Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA) since its formation in December, 1956. It notes further, that women are active in the struggle through the Organization of Angolan Women.

12. An article "health" dealing with female health problems.

Article

13. An appeal "Free the San Quentin 6", which states that information and donations can be obtained and made to PO Box 40070, San Francisco, California. Named as the San Quentin 6 are JOHNNY LARRY SPAIN, WILLIE TATE, HUGO PINELL, DAVID JOHNSON, FLEETA DRUMGO and LUIS TALAMANTES, who are accused of the murder of three guards and two inmates on 8/21/71.

Article

Also appearing on page 16 of this issue is a "Statement to the People and the Lawyers" on behalf of the oppressed prisoners at the Adjustment Center at San Quentin Prison, which is dated 6/21/72. This statement deals with the alleged mistreatment of the San Quentin 6 and other convicts in the Adjustment Center. It calls for support from the lawyers who are supposed to be concerned and who have stated that they are with those oppressed and calls for the people to take a stand. It demands that an investigation be made of the San Quentin Adjustment Center.

14. Page 16 of this issue contains a list of persons described as "some of our political prisoners" and it asks that they be written to. Those listed as "Prisoners of War":

"DARUBA RICHARD MOORE
6S15L 653 River Ave.
Bronx, N.Y. 10451

"FRANKLIN MEYERS
6S 653 River Ave.
Bronx, N.Y. 10451

"HERB BLYDEN
6S12L 653 River Ave.
Bronx, N.Y. 10451

"Irving Butch Mason
653 River Ave., 3rd Floor
Bronx, N.Y. 10451

"GABRIEL TORRES
653 River Ave.
Bronx, N.Y. 10451

"H. RAY BROWN
700-71-52
Rikers Island Hospital
5th Flr.
1414 Hazen St.
East Elmhurst, N.Y.

"EDWARD JAMAL JOSEPH
1414 Hazen St. East Elmhurst NY

"ILA MASON
2T 1414 1515 Hazen St.
East Elmhurst, NY

"ANNIE CAMPBELL
2T 1515 Hazen St.
East Elmhurst, N.Y.

"LAURIE GETZ
1M 1515 Hazen St.
East Elmhurst, N.Y."

15. Page 17 contains a film review of the Communist-Chinese film "Red Detachment of Women". It contrasts this film with the story of Cinderella. The article notes that the "Red Detachment of Women" can be rented from the United States-China Peoples Friendship Association, PO Box 1006, NY, NY, or from Newsreel, 323 Seventh Ave., NYC. NY.

Page 17 also contains an announcement of films made in China and Vietnam which it states are now available for showing in the United States. It adds that on request they will be glad to forward ^{the} catalogs of organizations handling the booking of these films and they are named as American Documentary Films, US-China Friendship Association, and Newsreel.

16. "Angela Davis", a brief article in which the TWWA expresses its solidarity with ANGELA DAVIS on the occasion of her acquittal. It asserts that she should not have been brought to trial at all and stated that the TWWA does not agree that the acquittal of DAVIS proves that the judicial system in this country works, but rather that the DAVIS case proves that the country is creeping towards a fascist state.

Article

17. ~~*Roy Doesn't Care*~~ in which there are quotations from a pamphlet ~~"Who Cares"~~, which is described as a publication of ~~Black Sash~~, "a liberal South African womens organization", edited by ~~SHEENA DUNCAN~~. The booklet is concerned with conditions of African women in South Africa and the difficulty facing working women, mothers and people on pensions. According to the article the pamphlet asserts that a stable family life will never be realized in South Africa until the apartheid policies are changed.

USA.
The article claims that the white racist regime in South Africa is supported by the investment of large corporations mainly from the United States and England. It goes on to criticize ROY WILKINS of the NAACP for statements he made about a recent trip to Africa in which he said that Africans would be worse off if American corporations pull out of Africa.

"Triple Jeopardy" claims that the large corporations are exploiting the African workers and that once the working people overthrow the white minority rule and replace it with a government controlled by the laboring class the exploitation will end.

WILKINS is attacked as a "dangerous enemy of both the African and the Afro-American", as well as an "apologist for United States imperialism in South Africa".

It claims that no country in the world is safe from imperialist intrigue, pressures, and subversion as long as imperialism under any guise is left in the world.

This issue contains a poem by ~~RITA CHRISTINE MULLINA~~ entitled ~~"Sisters Work is Never Done"~~.

Poem

LEAD:

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA. 1. Will determine whether a chapter of IWWA has been formed in the Bay area of California and will identify the [REDACTED] at telephone number [REDACTED] b7c

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. Will determine the subscribers to telephone numbers [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] b7c